

Brisas del Zulia

Amable Espina

Accordion

The musical score consists of ten staves of music for Accordion. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4 throughout. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Chords are indicated above the staff at the beginning of each measure. Measure numbers are provided on the left side of the score. The first staff starts with Gmaj, followed by D7, Gmaj, and D7. The second staff starts with Gmaj, followed by D7, Gmaj, D7, and Gmaj. The third staff starts with A7, followed by a measure with three endings: 1) D7, 2) D7, and 3) D7. The fourth staff starts with D7, followed by Gmaj, E7, and Am. The fifth staff starts with D7, followed by Gmaj, Cmaj, Gmaj, D7, and a measure starting with 1) Gmaj. The sixth staff starts with 2) Gmaj, followed by G7, Cmaj, and Dm. The seventh staff starts with E7, followed by Am, D7, and Gmaj. The eighth staff starts with Cmaj, followed by Gmaj, D7, and a measure with three endings: 1) Gmaj, 2) Gmaj, and 3) Gmaj.

1 Gmaj 2 Gmaj 3 Gmaj

D7 Gmaj E7 Am

A7

20 D7 Gmaj E7 Am

27 D7 Gmaj Cmaj Gmaj D7 1 Gmaj

35 2 Gmaj G7 Cmaj Dm

42 E7 Am D7 Gmaj

49 Cmaj Gmaj D7 1 Gmaj G7 2 Gmaj 3 Gmaj Gmaj

Les Flammes d'Enfer

Key. G

Pattern. Accordion: two Tunes; Vocal #1; Guitar: two Tunes; Accordion: two Tunes; Vocal #2; Accordion: two Tunes. No Turns.

Version. Austin Pitre (@Flat Town).

Related songs. Also: *Two-Step à Tante Adèle* (Austin Pitre, 1960); *Flames Of Hades* (Aldus Roger). Change tempo to 175 for these two songs.

$\text{♩} = 155$

A

E

Var.

A

E

Var.

E

A

Var.

A

E

A

E

E



A

1- Eh ma man, t'as tout l' temps
C'était une 'tite fille; alle était si
Dans quoi j'ai vu, t'es con dam-
Pri ez pour moi sau ver mon
2- Eh ma man, pri ez pour
Qui c'est à la porte... "T'as tué 'tite
"C'est ton ne veu!" Quoi c'est tu

E

dit j'au rais pleu rer.
belle! Quoi c'est t'as fait
né! T'es con dam né
âme, sau ver mon âme
moi; j'su con dam né
tante!" ...cri er 'hel lo?'
veux? Pri ez pour moi,

A

"T'as tué 'tite tante!
pour un bon temps?
pour les flammes d'en fer."
d'les flammes d'en fer.
pour les flammes d'en fer.
J'dit, qui c'est qu'est là?
J'su con dam né!

L, F, d' E.

Les Haricots Sont Pas Salés

Key: G

Pattern: Accordion: parts 1, 2, and 1; Vocal #1;
Accordion: parts 3, 4, 5 and 6; Vocal #2; Accordion:
part 1.

Version: Aldus Roger, vocal and accordion (©La
Lou).

Related songs: See: *Les Huppés Talaouts*. Also:
Zydeco Est Pas Salé (Clifton Chenier).

$\text{J} = 175$

R Part 1

E

A Part 2

E

R Part 3

E

R Part 4 G

R

E

R

A musical score for a vocal piece, likely for a children's song. The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F major). The time signature varies between common time and 4/4. The music is divided into sections labeled E, R, H, and A, which are repeated throughout the piece. The lyrics are written in French and are repeated multiple times. The lyrics include "Hé Mam'", "Quoi t'as fait à ton dîner!", "Les haricots sont pas salés", "T'as volé mon traîneau!", "C'est les hup-pés tai-aux!", and "T'as volé mon traîneau! C'est les hup-pés tai-aux!". The music features various rhythmic patterns, including eighth-note and sixteenth-note figures, and dynamic markings like forte (f) and piano (p).

Part 6
R
H
A
 1 & 2- Hé Mam'! Quoi t'as fait à ton dîner!
 Les haricots sont pas salés
 Les haricots sont pas salés!
 T'as volé mon traîneau!
 C'est les hup-pés tai-aux!
 T'as volé mon traîneau!
 C'est les hup-pés tai-aux!
 T'as volé mon traîneau!
 C'est les hup-pés tai-aux!

L.H.S.P.S.

Yé Yaille, Chère

Les Huppés Taïauts

Key. C

Pattern. Accordion: two Tunes; Vocal #1; Steel Guitar: two Tunes; Violin: two Tunes; Vocal #2; Accordion: two Tunes.

Version. A mixture of Joe Bonsall (©Flat Town) and Jimmy Newman (©La Lou).

Related songs. Also: *Hippy Ti Yo* (Joe Bonsall); *Hippy Ty-Yo* (Jimmy Newman); *Les Filles d'Arnaudville* (Moïse Robin); *Hip et Taïaut* (Irene Whitfield).

This title has been interpreted in several other ways, too. This is my interpretation of what it means. *Huppé*, used colloquially, means clever and *taïaut*, which comes from English *tally-ho*, simply means a hound dog. Originally, the song blamed only the hound dogs for stealing different articles, but later, other rascals such as *les filles de Bosco* stole articles too. Other stolen articles are often added to the vocals such as *Yo-yo*, *candi* (candy), etc. I have given two manuscript variations.

To this day, *capot* is used for coat instead of *manteau*.

The Clever Hounds

(1)

It's the clever hounds, hounds, hounds, who stole my sled, sled, sled.
When you saw I was mad, dear, you brought back my sled.
It's the clever hounds, hounds, hounds, who stole my coat, coat, coat.
When you saw I was mad, dear, you brought back my coat.

(2)

It's the girls from Bosco, dear, who stole my vest, dear.
When you saw I was mad, dear, you brought back my vest.
It's the girls from Bosco, dear, who stole my hat, dear.
When you saw I was mad, dear, you brought back my hat.

Traditional Cajun Dance Music

$\text{J} = 175$

D G

1- C'est les hup- pés tai- auts, tai- auts, tai-
C'est les hup- pés tai- auts, tai- auts, tai-

auts, qu'a vo- lé mon trai- neau, trai- neau, trai-
auts, qu'a vo- lé mon ca- pot, ca- pot, ca-

A
neau. Quand t'as vu j'é- tais chaud, chèr, t'as ra- mené mon train-
pot. Quand t'as vu j'é- tais chaud, chèr, t'as ra- mené mon ca-

D G
eau. 2- C'est les filles de Bos- co, chère,
pot. C'est les filles de Bos- co, chère,

D
qu'a vo- lé mon gi- let, chère. Quand t'as vu j'é- tais
qu'a vo- lé mon cha- peau, chère. Quand t'as vu j'é- tais

A D
chaud, chère, t'as ra- mené mon gi- let.
chaud, chère, t'as ra- mené mon cha- peau.

L.H.T.

Madame Sosthène

Key. A*Pattern.* Accordion: two Tunes; Vocal #1; Violin: two Tunes; Accordion: two Turns; Vocal #2; Violin: two Tunes; Accordion: two Turns.*Version.* Reggie Matte.

Each stanza of the vocals begins with a bar of rest.

Fourteen was not too young for courting in the old days. My mother was fifteen, when she married in the early 1920's.

$\text{♩} = 133$

A

1 - Oh Ma-dam Sos-thène, mais don-nez
Si vous veux pas m' la don-ner, j'veus fais ser-

2 - Oh ma-dam Sos-thène, mais don-nez
Si vous veux pas m' la don-ner, j'veus fais ser-

D A

moi A-li- da, cette la j'ai ai-
ment j'va' la vo- ler; j'va' la met' dans mon wag-
moi vot' chère 'tite fille, cette la j'ai ai-
ment j'va' la vo- ler; j'va' la pas- ser par la fe-

E A

mé de- puis l'age de qua- torze ans.
on et la mener à la mai- son.
mé de- puis l'age de qua- torze ans.
nêtre et la mener à la mai- son.

Madam Sosthène

(1)

Oh, Madam Sosthène, give Alida to me,
the one I've loved since the age of fourteen.
If you don't let me have her, I promise you that I'll steal her.
I'll put her in my wagon and take her home.

(2)

Oh, Madam Sosthène, give me your dear little daughter,
the one I've loved since the age of fourteen.
If you don't let me have her, I promise you that I'll steal her.
I'll pass her through the window and take her home.

Traditional Cajun Dance Music

"Tit Galop Pour Mamou

Key. G

Pattern. Violin: two Tunes; Vocal #1; Violin: two Tunes and two Turns; Vocal #2; Violin: two Tunes and two Turns.

Version. Dewey Balfa (©Flat Town).

Related song. *Tit Mulet Coton-Mais* (Leopold François); *The Games People Play*.

$J = 175$

A

E

Turn

E

J'ai Passé Devant Ta Porte

Key. G*Pattern.* Accordion: one Tune; Vocal #1; Steel Guitar: one Tune; Violin: one Tune; Accordion: one Tune; Vocal #2; Steel Guitar: one Tune; Violin: one Tune; Accordion: one Tune.*Version.* Elton "Bee" Cormier, vocal; Raymond François, tune.

This is a very popular old song about a lover who discovers that his sweetheart had died. My father remembers this song being played at the time the Titanic sank. The tune is even older.

$J = 48$

Yé Yaille, Chère

G

1- J'ai pas- sé de- vant ta porte. J'ai cri-
2- Moi, j'm'ai mis à bien ob- ser- ver. Moi, j'ai

D

é 'bye- bye' la belle. 'Y a per-
vu des chandelles al- lu- mé. 'Y a que'qu'

G

sonne qui m'a re- pon- du! Oh yé
chose qui di- sait j'aurait pleu- ré. Oh yé

yaille! Mon cœur fait mal!
yaille! Mon cœur fait mal!

I Passed in Front of Your Door

(1)

I passed in front of your door. I cried good-bye to my sweetheart.
No one answered me! Oh it hurts! My heart hurts!

(2)

I looked closely. I saw (religious) candles were lit.
Something told me I would cry. Oh it hurts! My heart hurts!

J'ai, P.D.T.P.

J'étais au Bal

Key: G

Pattern. Accordion: two Turns and one Tune; Vocal #1; Accordion: two Turns and two Tunes; Vocal #2; Accordion: two Turns and one Tune; Vocal #3; Accordion: two Turns.

Version. Iry LeJeune (©Tek).

Related songs. *Oh, Susannah; Get Along Home, Cindy.*

This song is so popular, I've decided to include it here, even though I believe it is borrowed from an American song.

$\text{J} = 175$

A Turn >

E A >

> E A Var. >

> E A >

> E A Tune

E A

A

E A

I Went to The Dance Last Night

(1)

I went to the dance last night and I've come again tonight;
if the occasion presents itself again, I'll come back tomorrow night.
Look at the pretty girl, the one I love so much!
I know all the love I've had for you.

(2)

I went to the dance last night; she was all dressed in black.
I promised never to drink anymore so I could court my girl.
I went to the dance tonight, she's all dressed in blue;
that's the clothing I like for courting my sweetheart.

(3)

I went to the dance last night and I am going again tonight;
if the occasion presents itself again, I'll go back tomorrow night.
Look at the pretty girl! No one wants to love me.
Look indeed, if that's not miserable for me!

J'e au Bal